INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Kranti Industries Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements:

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Kranti Industries Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw your attention to Note no 2.5 to these financial statement, which describe the Management's assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and the resultant lockdowns on the significant uncertainties involved in developing some of the estimates involved in preparation of the financial statements including but not limited to its assessment of liquidity and going concern, recoverable value of its property, plant and equipment and the net realisable value of other assets. Based on information available as of the date, Management believes that no further adjustments are required to the financial statements. However, in view of the highly uncertain economic impacting the automotive industry, a definitive assessment of the impact is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve in future and the actual result may differ from those estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter
1	Revenue Recognition
	(refer Note 2.11 related to Revenue)
	We focused on this area as a key audit matter due to the risk of incorrect timing of revenue recognition and estimation related to recording the discount and rebates. According to the financial statement' accounting principles revenue is recognized at a point in time when the control of the goods is transferred to the customer according to delivery terms. Due to variation of contractual sales terms and practices across the market and the pressure, the management may feel to achieve performance targets, there is a risk of material error. Auditor's Response To address this risk of material misstatement relating to revenue recognition, our audit procedures included: - Assessing the compliance of company's revenue recognition policies with applicable accounting standards, including those related to discounts and rebates. - Assessing the adequacy of relevant disclosures.



A D V & Associates Chartered Accountant 801-Empress Nucleus, Gaothan Road, Opp. Little Flower School, Andheri East-400069

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexure to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless



management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence



- obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of The Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.



- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise.
 - iii. There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.



A D V & Associates **Chartered Accountant** 801-Empress Nucleus, Gaothan Road, Opp. Little Flower School, Andheri East-400069

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") 2. issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

> For A D V & Associates **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration number: 128045W

Place: Mumbai

Date :10th July, 2020

Ankit Rathi

Membership number: 162441 UDIN: 20162441AAAABD3487

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Kranti Industries Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Kranti Industries Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included



obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



A D V & Associates Chartered Accountant 801-Empress Nucleus, Gaothan Road, Opp. Little Flower School, Andheri East-400069

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For A D V & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration number: 128045W

Ankit Rathi Partner

Membership number: 162441 UDIN: 20162441AAAABD3487

Place: Mumbai

Date :10th July, 2020

Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Kranti Industries Limited of even date)

- 1) In case of the Company's Fixed Assets:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
 - (b) The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the fixed asset has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the books records and the physical fixed assets have been noticed.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- 2) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of inventories in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- 3) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- 5) The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2020 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



- 6) We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company in respect of products where pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended and prescribed by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Act. We are of the opinion, that prima facie the prescribed accounts and records have been maintained by the Company. The contents of these accounts and records have not been examined by us.
- a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Income-Tax, Goods and Services Tax and any other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, duty of excise and service tax and value added tax have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- 8) In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of Loans/Borrowings taken from Banks/Financial Institutions.
- 9) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). The company has spent the amount, raised through term loans, for the purpose for which such loans were availed.
- 10) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act;
- 12) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



A D V & Associates Chartered Accountant

801-Empress Nucleus, Gaothan Road, Opp. Little Flower School, Andheri East-400069

- 13) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 15) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 16) The company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For A D V & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration number: 128045W

Ankit Rathi Partner

Membership number: 162441 UDIN: 20162441AAABD3487

Place: Mumbai Date: 10th July, 2020



BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

(All Amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Note	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
		No.	INR Lakh	INR Lakh
Α	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
1	Shareholders' funds			
	a) Share Capital	3	880.20	880.20
	b) Reserves and Surplus	4	1,085.07	1,157.33
	c) Share Application Pending against Allotment		0.00	0.00
2	Non-Current Liabilities			
	a) Long Term Borrowings	5	1,531.20	924.51
	b) Deferred tax Liabilities	6	110.68	137.76
	c) Other Long-Term Liabilities		0.00	0.00
	d) Long Term Provisions		0.00	0.00
3	Current Liabilities			
	a) Short Term Borrowings	7	355.21	466.10
	b) Trade Payables	8	643.91	372.61
	c) Other Current Liabilities	9	179.89	288.21
	d) Short Term Provisions	10	78.71	160.16
			4,864.87	4,386.89
В	ASSETS:			
1	Non - Current Assets			
	a) Property, Plant & Equipment	11	A 17	
	i) Tangible Assets		3,162.24	2,173.85
	ii) Intangible Assets		10.51	10.69
	iii) Capital Work-in-progress		1.35	55.07
2	Non-Current Investments			
	a) Investments	12	359.33	300.34
	b) Long Term Loans and Advances	13	160.76	185.46
	c) Other Non-Current Assets	14	86.21	153.83
3	Current Assets			
	a) Inventories	15	690.61	524.36
	b) Trade Receivables	16	341.13	723.93
	c) Cash and Bank Balances	17	6.15	146.29
	d) Short Term Loans and Advances	18	25.88	100.21
	e) Other Current Assets	19	20.70	12.86
			4,864.87	4,386.89

For and on behalf of A D V Associates

Chartered Accountants

Ankit Rathi

Partner

Firm Registration No - 128045W

Membership number - 162441

Place: Mumbai

Date July 10, 2020

UMBA

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

KRANTI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Sachin Vora Managing

Sumit Vora Executive

Director

Sheela Dhawale **CFO**

Bhavesh Selarka CS

Director

DIN-02002468

DIN-02002416

Place: Pune

Date July 10, 2020





STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All Amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Note No.	For the financial year 2019-20	For the financial year 2018-19
1 2	REVENUE: Revenue from Operations Other Income	20 21	4,754.82 24.41	5,788.11 44.77
	Total Revenue		4,779.23	5,832.88
3	EXPENSES: a) Cost of Material Consumed b) Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in- progress	22 23	2,891.39 (55.79)	3,289.89 28.11
	c) Other Manufacturing and Operating Expense	24	723.49	890.22
	d) Employee benefits expenses e) Sales, administration, and Other	25 26	647.38 234.76	669.18 182.40
	Expenses f) Finance Cost	27	154.39	215.70
	g) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	281.51	265.64
	Total Expenses		4,877.13	5,541.15
4	Profit before exceptional and Extraordinary Item and Tax		(97.91)	291.73
5	Exceptional Items		0.00	0.00
6	Profit Before Tax		(97.91)	291.73
7	Tax Expenses a) Current tax Current tax - MAT Less - MAT Credit Entitlement		0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 60.06 (7.01)
	b) Deferred tax c) Income tax expenses relating to prior		0.00 (27.08) 0.75	53.05 36.23 0.00
	years			
	Profit After Tax Carried to Balance Sheet		(71.58)	202.45
	Earning per Equity Share - In Rs. a. Basic a. Diluted		(0.81) (0.81)	2.60 2.60

For and on behalf of A D V Associates

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

KRANTI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Ankit Rathi

Partner

Firm Registration No - 128045W

Membership number - 162441

Place: Mumbai

Date July 10, 2020

Sachin Vora Sumit Vora

Managing Executive

Sheela Dhawale CFO Bhavesh Selarka CS

Director

Director

DIN-02002468

DIN-02002416

Place: Pune

Date July 10, 2020



CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All Amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
1.Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
Net Profit before tax and extraordinary item	(97.91)	291.73
Adjustments for:	(*****/	
Depreciation and amortization expense	281.51	265.64
Interest & Other Charges	154.39	215.70
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	(20.12)	(36.61)
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Shares		
Dividend Received	-	2
Interest Received/ Other Non-Operative Receipts	0.82	(1.84)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	318.67	734.62
Adjustments for:		
Inventories	(166.25)	51.84
Trade Receivables	382.80	136.43
Short Term Loans & Advances	74.33	(52.39)
Other Current Assets	(7.84)	9.97
Trade Payables	271.30	(252.06)
Other Current Liabilities	(107.12)	(38.87)
Short term Provision	(82.65)	8.99
Cash Generated from Operation	683.25	598.53
Taxes Paid	(0.75)	(53.05)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	682.50	545.48
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:		
Fixed Assets Purchased (Net)	(1315.98)	(555.30)
Additions to Capital Work In		
Progress	53.72	(55.07)
Sale of Fixed Assets	66.38	75.00
Dividend Received		
Interest Received/ Other Non-Operative Receipts	(0.82)	1.84
Adjustments for:) '	-
Long Term Loans & Advances	24.69	(6.25)
Non-Current Investments	(58.99)	(15.00)
Other Non-Current Assets	67.62	(35.79)
Long term Provision	-	
Net Cash from Investing Activities	(1163.37)	(590.57)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from issue of shares	-	518.50
Proceeds/(Repayment) of Short-term borrowings	(110.89)	(74.58)
Proceeds/(Repayment) of Long-term borrowings	606.69	(46.33)
Payment of Interim Dividend and tax on it		` <u>-</u>
Security Premium	(0.69)	-
Interest & Other Charges paid	(154.39)	(215.70)
Net Cash from Financing Activities	340.73	181.89
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(140.15)	136.81
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	146.29	9.49
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	6.15	146.29
1. Components of Cash & Cash Equivalents: ASSO	-	-
Cash on Hand	1.35	1.42
In Current Accounts	4.80	144.88
In Deposit Accounts	/\fo// -	_
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	6.15	146.29



- 4. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Accounting Standard - 3 on Cash Flow Statements.
- 5. Figures in Brackets represents outflow.
- 6. The previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to make them comparable with current year's figures

As on our report of given date.

For and on behalf of A D V Associates

Chartered Accountants

Ankit Rathi

Partner

Firm Registration No - 128045W

Membership number - 162441

Place: Mumbai

Date July 10, 2020

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

KRANTI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Sachin Vora Managing

Executive

Sumit Vora Sheela Dhawale **CFO**

Bhavesh Selarka

CS

Director

Director

DIN-02002468 DIN-02002416

Place: Pune

Date July 10, 2020



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All Amounts in INR Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

NOTE 1: Company Background:

KRANTI INDUSTRIES LIMITED a premier engineering company established in the year 1995. It is a Public limited Company engaged in the field of engineering products and caters to the needs of the Automobile manufacturing companies like CNH Industrial (India) Pvt. Ltd., Graziano Transmission India Pvt. Ltd., ESCORTS LIMITED, Neosym Industry Limited, Etc.

NOTE 2. Basis of preparation of financial statements and significant accounting policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of accounting:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP'), on an accrual basis of accounting under the historical cost convention. The financial statements comply in all material respects with the Accounting standards as specified in an Annexure to the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and rules made thereunder, as applicable.

2.2 Basis of presentation:

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss, including related notes, are prepared, and presented as per the requirements of Schedule III to the Act. All assets and liabilities have been classified and disclosed as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization into cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities. Cash Flow Statement has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Accounts Standard (AS) - 3 "Cash Flow Statements"



2.3 Classification as per Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006

The Company is a not a Small and Medium Sized Company (SMC) as defined in the General instructions to Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006. Accordingly, the Company has complied with the Accounting Standards as applicable.

2.4 Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention except for the following. Defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value

2.5 Use of estimates:

In preparation of the financial statements, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and the associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, and future periods affected. Significant judgments and estimates about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities include useful lives of tangible and intangible assets, impairment of tangible assets, intangible assets including goodwill, investments, employee benefits and other provisions and recoverability of deferred tax assets.

COVID -19:

The Company has considered the possible effects that may arise out of the still unfolding COVID-19 pandemic on the carrying amounts of property, plant & equipment, intangible assets, investments, inventories, trade receivables, etc. For this purpose, the Company has considered internal and external sources of information up to the date of approval of these financial statements, including credit reports and related information, economic forecasts, market value of certain investments etc. Based on the current estimates, the Company does not expect any significant impact on such carrying values. The impact of COVID -19 on the Company's financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements



2.6 Tangible Fixed assets:

Fixed Assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the assets to its working condition for the intended use. The manufacturing costs of internally generated assets comprise direct cost and attributable overheads. Capital Work-in-progress comprises of cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

2.7 Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:

Depreciation is calculated using the Written Down Value Method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of certain assets listed below where the useful life is estimated different from prescribed rate based on internal assessment or independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers. The Management believes that the useful lives as given below represent the period over which management expects to use these assets

Class of Assets	Useful life as per	Useful life as per Schedule II
	Management estimate in years	of the Companies act, 2013
Plant and Machinery	20	15
Factory Building	40	30
Furniture and fixtures	10	10
Electrical Installation	10	10
Office equipment	5	5
Computer	3	3
Tools and Instruments	10	10
Motor Vehicle	V 3 8	8



The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss within other gains/(losses).

Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

2.8 Impairment of Assets:

Fixed assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. An impairment loss recognized on asset is reversed when the conditions warranting impairment provision no longer exists.

2.9 investments:

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held or not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

The company holds long term investments which are carried at cost, in financial statements.

2.10 Inventories:

Inventories of raw materials including stores, spares and consumables, packing materials, semi-finished goods, work-in-progress, finished goods are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Cost is determined on weighted average basis. The cost of work-in-progress, semi-finished goods and finished goods includes the cost of material, labour and proportion of manufacturing overheads.

2.11 Revenue recognition on contracts:



Revenue comprises of Sale and Service Income, Interest and dividend. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and that the revenue can be reliably measured. The company collects excise duty, service tax, value added taxes (VAT) and Goods and service tax GST as applicable on behalf of the government and therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the company. Hence, they are excluded from revenue. Revenue is disclosed, net of trade discounts and excise duty.

Sale of goods

Sales are recognized when products are delivered to the customer and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. Due from customers if any are measured at the selling price of the work performed. Prepayments from customers are recognized as liabilities.

Sale of services

- I. Timing of recognition Revenue from rendering of services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided (percentage of completion method). Job-work revenues are accounted as and when such services are rendered.
- II. Measurement of revenue Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

Interest Income:

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.





Dividend:

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

2.12 Foreign currency transactions:

The reporting currency of the company is Indian rupee.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the reporting currency, using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each Balance Sheet date foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences that arise on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting of monetary items at each balance sheet date at closing rate are:

I. Adjusted in the cost of the fixed assets to which the exchange differences relate, provided the assets are acquired from outside India.

II. Recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise, in case other than (1) above.

In respect of transaction covered by foreign exchange contracts, the difference between the contract rate and the spot rate on the date of the transaction is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the contract.

2.13 Leases

Lease arrangements where risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vests with lessor are classified as operating lease. Rental expenses on assets obtained under operating lease arrangements are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on straight line basis over the lease period.

2.14 Borrowing cost:

Borrowing cost include interest, commitment charges, amortization of ancillary costs, amortization of discounts/premium related to borrowings, finance charges in respect of assets acquired on finance lease and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



2.15 Taxes on income:

Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income tax act 1961, and based on the expected outcome of assessments.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized subject to the consideration of prudence, on timing differences between accounting income and taxable income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods and are quantified using enacted / substantively enacted tax rates as at the balance sheet date. The carrying amount of Deferred Tax Assets / liabilities is reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets relating to an unabsorbed depreciation and business losses are recognized and carried forward to the extent that there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

2.16 Provisions, contingent liabilities, and contingent Assets.

A provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimation.

Contingent liabilities as defined in Accounting Standard 29 are disclosed by way of notes to accounts. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the Financial Statements.

2.17 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term investments which are available on call or maturity of a year or less.

2.18 Employee Benefits

Gratuity obligations





The Company operates defined benefit plan for its employees viz. Gratutity. The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension and gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

Provident Fund

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

NOTE 3: Share Capital

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Authorised Share Capital		
10000000 (10000000) Equity shares of Rs.10/- each. Issued, subscribed, and Paid up	1,000.00	1,000.00
8802000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	880.20	880.20
Total	880.20	880.20

1.1 Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars	March 31,	2020	March 31, 2019		
	No. of Shares	Amt	No. of Shares	Amt	
At the beginning of the year	88.02	880.20	70.50	705.00	
Add : Issued during the year	0.00	0.00	17.52	175.20	
O/S at the end of the year	88.02	880.20	88.02	880.20	

1.2 Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share in the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive



remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

1.3 Aggregate number of bonus shares issued; share issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

Particulars		
Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalisation of securities premium and General Reserves in five years immediately preceding the reporting date (200000 shares of Rs.100/- each and 2350000 shares of Rs.10/- each.)	25.50	25.50

1.4 Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the Shareholder	March :	31, 2020	March 3	1, 2019
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Mrs Indubala S. Vora	16.99	19.30%	16.87	19.16%
Mr. Sachin S. Vora	16.02	18.20%	15.93	18.10%
Mr. Sumit S. Vora	15.39	17.49%	15.33	17.42%
SMC Global Securities Ltd.	6.93	7.87%	6.63	7.53%

NOTE 4: Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
General Reserve	30.00	30.00
Security Premium Account		
Balance as per last Financial statements	343.30	0.00
Add: Amount Received during the year	0.00	473.04
Less: Amount Utilised IPO Expenditure	(0.69)	(129.74)
	342.62	343.30
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as per last Financial statements	784.02	581.57
Add: Prior Period Adjustment	0.00	0.00
Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the period	(71.58)	202.45
Balance available for appropriation	712.45	784.02
Less: Appropriation	0.00	0.00
	712.45	784.02
Total Rs.	1,085.07	1,157.33





NOTE 5: Long Term Borrowings

		Non-currer	nt portion	Current maturities	
	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	SECURED				
(i)	Term Loans from Bank - Secured				
	HDFC: TERM LOAN A/C NO. 81214831	0.00	0.00	0.00	80.47
	HDFC: TERM LOAN A/C NO. 81214825	0.00	16.63	0.00	28.90
	HDFC: TERM LOAN A/C NO. 81214829	0.00	0.00	16.51	0.00
	HDFC: TERM LOAN A/C NO. 81260322	0.00	17.27	17.15	26.02
	HDFC: TERM LOAN A/C NO. 81600701	0.00	20.46	20.30	47.74
	HDFC: TERM LOAN A/C NO 83656442	116.40	99.11	11.06	11.52
	SCB: TERM LOAN A/C NO. 51294176	27.27	46.71	11.51	11.66
	COSMOS: 00580152189 VEHICLE LOAN	0.00	7.22	7.23	6.65
	TATA CAPITAL: A/C NO.20571389	7.23	10.57	3.34	3.34
	TATA CAPITAL: A/C NO.20644102	33.61	49.74	16.13	16.13
	TATA CAPITAL: A/C NO.20780531	16.01	23.70	7.69	7.69
	TATA CAPITAL: A/ NO 21788892	50.00	0.00	24.00	0.00
	TATA CAPITAL: SUPPLIERS CREDIT	504.72	87.08	0.00	32.28
	TATA CAPITAL: A/C NO. 21794544	64.54	0.00	20.93	0.00
	ADITYA BIRLA : A/C NO.80001677	306.42	0.00	21.22	0.00
	Subtotal - Secured Loans	1,126.20	378.49	177.08	272.40
	UNSECURED				
	Loans and Advances from Directors	405.00	350.00	0.00	0.00
	Loans and Advances from Other related parties	0.00	196.02	0.00	0.00
	Subtotal - Unsecured Loans	405.00	546.02	0.00	0.00
	Total Rs.	1,531.20	924.51	177.08	272.40

- a.Term Loan from HDFC BANK (Account Nos. 81214831, 81214829, 81260322, 81600701, 83656442, 81214825) loan is availed from HDFC bank for Plant and Machinery. secured by way of first mortgage /charge on the plant and machinery and mortgage of immovable property situated at Gat No. 267/B/1, Pirangut, Pune.
- b. Term Loan Account SCB 51294176 loan is availed from Standard Chartered bank as working capital requirement This loan is secured by way of first mortgage /charge on Flat owned by Director Situated at Isha Pearl, Kodhwa, Pune.
- c. Term Loan Account 20571389, 20644102, 20780531, 20788892, 21794544 loan is availed from TATA Capital for Machinery. This loan is secured by way of first mortgage /charge on the machinery Purchased.
- d. TATA CAPITAL: SUPPLIERS CREDIT this is a supplier Credit availed from TATA Capital for purchase of Machinery The Loan is secured by Mortgage of Machinery, The supplier credit maturity is in Mar 2021 and on maturity will be converted to Term Loan.
- e.COSMOS: 00580152189 This loan is availed for the Purchase of Vehicle and the same is mortgage with vehicle purchased.
- f. Aditya Birla: 80001677: This loan is availed for the Purchase of Industrial Land at Gat no 1121, Pirangut Pune. This loan is secured by way of first mortgage / charge on the Land Purchased.



NOTE 6: Deferred Tax Liability

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Deferred Tax Liability		
Balance as per last Financial statements	137.76	101.53
Add/Less: Current Year deferred tax charge	(27.08)	36.23
Total	110.68	137.76

The Deferred tax income for the current period is of Rs. 1267742 has been Charged to the Profit & Loss Statement.

Particulars	Deferred tax liability/(Asset) as at 01.04.2019	Current Year Charge	Deferred Tax Liability/ (Asset) as at 31.03.2020
Property, Plant & Equipment Liability	138.62	(11.31)	127.32
Gratuity (Disallowance) Asset	(0.86)	(1.37)	(2.23)
Deferred Tax Asset B/ F Loss (Asset)		(14.40)	(14.40)
Total	137.76	(27.08)	110.68

As required by Accounting Standard (AS22), Taxes on Income prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment rules, 2006, the company has recognised deferred taxes, which result from timing differences between book profits and tax profits for the period.

NOTE 7: Short Term Borrowings

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Secured - Working Capital Loan from Bank		
1	HDFC Bank Limited - Cash Credit	355.21	384.16
2	HDFC Bank Limited - Bill Discounting	0.00	81.94
	Total	355.21	466.10

Working capital loan and Bill discounting Facility is secured by hypothecation of present and future stock of raw materials, stock-in-process, finished goods, stores and spares, book debts, outstanding monies, receivables, claims, bills, materials in transit, etc.

NOTE 8: Trade Payables

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Sundry Creditors		
1	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	240.67	31.28
2	Others	403.24	341.33
	Total	643.91	372.61

The details of amounts outstanding to Micros, Small and Medium Enterprises based on available information with the company is as under:

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
1	Principal amount due and remaining unpaid	0.00	0.00
2	Interest due on above and the unpaid interest	0.00	0.00
3	Interest paid	0.00	0.00
4	Payment made beyond the appointed day during the year	0.00	0.00
5	Interest due and payable for the period of delay	0.00	0.00
6	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	0.00	0.00
7	Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years	0.00	0.00
	(E) Total	0.00	0.00



NOTE 9: Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Interest accrued on Term Loans from bank	4.01	3.87
Deposits/ Retention Money Payable	0.00	0.00
Advance received from Customers	0.00	11.95
Current Maturities Of Long Term Borrowings	177.08	272.40
Total	181.09	288.21

NOTE 10: Short Term Provisions

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Provisions:		
a.	Income Tax Provision	0.00	76.02
b.	Provision for Employee Benefit		
	Profession Tax	0.26	0.27
	Provident Fund	4.89	4.30
	Salary and Wages	17.17	31.19
		22.32	35.76
C.	Other Provisions		
	TDS Payable	2.86	15.85
	Audit Fees Payable	1.48	1.75
	Provision for Electricity Charges	15.43	15.34
	GST Payable	18.44	3.90
	Provision for Gratuity	16.56	11.08
	Legal and Professional Fees Payable	0.43	0.47
		55.19	48.39
	Total Rs.	77.51	160.16





NOTE 11: Fixed Assets

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
A.	GROSS BLOCK		
	Tangible Assets		
a.	Free hold Land		
	Land – 1	26.83	26.83
	Land – 2	122.65	122.65
	Land – 3	436.32	0.00
b.	Buildings		*
	Factory Premises – 1	167.35	167.35
	Factory Premises – 2	496.43	496.43
C.	Plant and Machinery	5461.92	5116.94
d	Electrical Installations – 1	13.53	13.53
e.	Electrical Installations – 2	47.01	41.40
f.	Furniture and Fittings	99.21	99.21
g.	Vehicles - Others	29.40	45.06
h.	Office Equipment	21.65	19.59
i.	Computers	16.91	15.74
j.	Tools and Fixtures	105.23	45.99
	Total Tangible Assets	7044.43	6210.70
	Intangible Assets		
	Trademark	0.30	0.30
	Software	14.09	11.39
	Total Intangible Assets	14.38	11.68
	Capital Work in Progress	1.35	55.07
	Total Gross Block	7060.17	6277.46
В.	Depreciation Block		
a.	Land – 1	0.00	0.00
b.	Land – 2	0.00	0.00
).	Land – 3	0.00	0.00
J.	Factory Premises – 1	123.70	120.74
€.	Factory Premises – 2	222.29	200.23
	Plant and Machinery	3326.39	3527.22
l.	Electrical Installations – 1	12.85	12.78
1.	Electrical Installations – 2	34.46	30.89
	Furniture and Fittings	77.37	70.19
	Vehicles – Others	17.96	26.57
.	Office Equipment	17.32	15.24
	Computers	14.79	13.39
n.	Tools and Fixtures	35.06	19.61
١.	Trademark	0.23	0.21
	Software	3.64	0.78
	Total Depreciation Block	3886.07	4037.85
	Total NET Block of FIXED ASSETS	3174.10	2239.61





NOTE 12: Investments

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Non-Current Investments		
a.	Unquoted Shares - Cosmos Co-operative Bank Limited	8.20	8.20
b.	Equity Shares of Associate Company		0.20
	Wonder Precision Pvt Ltd	277.14	277.14
	Kranti SFCI Pvt Ltd	15.00	15.00
c.	Bank Fixed Deposits	58.99	0.00
	Total Investments	359.33	300.34

Above-mentioned are Long term investments and carried at cost.

NOTE 13: Long Term Loans and Advances

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Security Deposits		
a.	Secured and Considered Good	0.00	0.00
b.	Unsecured and Considered Good		0.00
	Deposit with MSEDCL	16.84	16.84
	Deposit with RCF Kapurthala	0.08	0.08
	Deposit with BSE Limited	0.00	8.58
	Deposit with TCSFL	8.75	0.00
	Aditya Birla Short Term Opportunities Fund	10.60	0.00
c.	Loans to Related Parties - WPPL	0.00	0.00
d.	Advance to SFSPL against Lease	124.49	159.96
	Total Long Term Loans and Advances	160.76	185.46

NOTE 14: Other Non-Current Assets

	Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
A.	Balance with Income Tax Authorities	21.86	89.92
B.	MAT Credit Entitlement	22.33	22.33
C.	MVAT Balance	42.02	41.57
	Total Other Non-Current Assets	86.12	153.83

NOTE 15: Inventories

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Raw Materials, Components, Consumables	526.09	415.63
Work-in-progress, Stores and Spares	164.52	108.73
Total	690.61	524.36

NOTE 16: Trade Receivables

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment.	0.00	0.00
Other Receivables	10000 4 2	U. A.
Secured and Considered Good	0.00	0.00
Unsecured and Considered Good	345 630	723.93
Total	/S841.13	723.93
	IIQI (A	

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NOTE 17: Cash and Bank Balances

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Cash in Hand	1.35	1.42
Balance with Bank		,,,_
Current Accounts	4.80	144.88
Other Bank Balances	0.00	0.00
Deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	0.00	0.00
Total Cash and Bank Balance	6.15	146.29

NOTE 18: Short term Loan and Advances

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Loans and advances to suppliers		
Advance to Creditors	25.42	97.99
Unsecured and considered good		
Loans to Employees	0.46	- 2.22
Deposits	0.00	0.00
Total Short Term Loan and Advances	25.88	100.21

NOTE 19: Other Current Assets

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Prepaid Expenses	19.18	11.52
Provision: Interest Receivable	1.52	1.34
Total Other Current Assets	20.70	12.86

NOTE 20: Revenue from Operations

Particulars	For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
Sales and labour Charges Net off Taxes	4,570.88	5,483.95
Other Operational Incomes		
Scrap Sale	161.42	276.50
Cash Discount Received	22.52	27.66
Total Revenue from Operations	4,754.82	5,788.11

NOTE 21: Other Income

Particulars	For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
Interest Incomes		
Interest on Deposits	4.29	5.11
Others	0.00	0.00
Profit on Sale of Asset	20.12	36.61
Accounts / Liability Written Back	0.00	3.05
Total Revenue from Operations	24.41	44.77





NOTE 22: Cost of Material Consumed

Particulars	For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
Material Consumed		
Opening Stock of Raw Material and Consumables	415.62	439.35
Add : Purchases During the Year		.00.00
Raw Material Purchased	2,721.18	2,760.38
Consumables Purchased	256.84	490.19
	3,393.64	3,689.92
Freight and Octroi	23.84	15.59
Less: Closing Stock of Raw Material and Consumables	526.09	416.63
Total Cost of Material Consumed	2,891.39	3,289.89

NOTE 23: Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-In-Progress

Particulars	For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
Opening Work-in-Progress	108.73	136.84
Less: Closing Work-in-Progress	164.52	108.73
Total	(55.79)	28.11

NOTE 24: Other Manufacturing and Operating Expenses

Particulars	For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
Power and Fuel		
Electricity Charges	205.89	218.45
Solar Power Charges	8.29	9.34
Generator Fuel	12.06	28.19
Repairs and Machinery	119.24	198.29
Job work and labour charges	133.29	190.79
Lease Rental	144.98	165.70
Other manufacturing expenses	0.00	0.00
Packing Material	99.73	79.45
Total	723.49	890.22

NOTE 25: Employee Benefits Expenses

For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
525.41	554.31
- 23.86	25.27
	8.14
28.24	21.35
4.75	6.73
0.08	0.07
4.86	4.93
	48.40
95.547.38	669.18
	Year 2019-20 525.41 23.86 12.48 28.24 4.75



NOTE 26: Sales Administration and Other Expenses

	Particulars		For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
	Advertisement	9	0.20	1.65
	Audit Fees		1.80	1.00
	Conveyance and Travelling		10.02	11.01
1	Guest House Expenses		0.00	0.53
	Insurance		8.60	7.39
	Interest Paid on Govt. Dues		1.19	0.06
	Legal and Professional Fees		8.25	12.20
	Legal Expenses		0.02	4.26
	Office Expenses		18.24	19.91
	Postage and Courier		0.17	0.19
	Printing and Stationery		5.20	5.15
	Profession Tax		0.03	0.03
	Rates and Taxes		3.14	3.63
	Repairs and Maintenance		9:01	17.14
	Sales Promotion, entertainment		15.50	0.79
	Security Charges		13.17	13.43
	Housekeeping Expenses		13.72	11.78
	Subscription and Contribution		2.07	0.18
	Transport Charges		113.63	64.84
	Telephone Expense		1.86	1.64
	Water Charges		4.74	5.58
	Foreign Currency Gain/Loss		0.18	0.00
	Accounts / Liability Written Back		4.02	0.00
	Total		234.76	182,40

NOTE 27: Finance Costs

Particulars	For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
Interest on Term Loan	32.42	56.20
Interest on Cash Credit, Bill Discounting	110.25	94.65
Interest on Unsecured Loans and Deposits	8.83	61.82
Bank Charges	2.89	3.03
Total	154.39	215.70







NOTE 28: Depreciation

	Particulars		For the Financial Year 2019-20	For the Financial Year 2018-19
	Land – 1	Я	0.00	0.00
	Land – 2		0.00	0.00
,	Land – 3		0.00	0.00
	Factory Premises – 1		2.96	3.15
	Factory Premises – 2		22.06	18.26
	Guest House		0.00	2.20
	Plant and Machinery		218.36	213.36
	Electrical Installations – 1		0.07	0.09
	Electrical Installations – 2		3.58	2.29
	Furniture and Fittings		7.18	7.97
	Vehicles - Others		5.49	8.45
	Office Equipment		2.08	2.71
	Computers		1.41	2.10
	Tools and Fixtures		15.45	4.72
	Trademark	4	0.02	0.03
	Software		2.87	0.27
11	Total		281.51	265.64

NOTE 29: Related Party Disclosure:

29.1.1 Names of related parties and related party relationship

a) Category I - Fellow Subsidiary & Associate:

WONDER PRECISION PRIVATE LIMITED. - Subsidiary KRANTI SFCI PRIVATE LIMITED. - Associate

b) Category II - Key Managerial Persons (KMP)

Mr. Sachin Vora (Managing Director)

Mr. Sumit Vora (Director)

Smt. Indubala Vora (Director)

Mrs. Sheela Dhawale (Chief Financial Officer)

Mr. Bhavesh Selarka (Company Secretary)

29.1.2 Transactions with Related parties:

a. Transactions with Fellow Subsidiary & Associate:

The company has its subsidiary Wonder Precision Private Limited, Pune. In case of which the transactions are as follows:





Nature of Transactions	Year ended 31/03/2020	Year ended 31/03/2019	
Purchase of Material and Job-work charges	30.77	20.94	
Sales	0.00	0.00	
Advance Returned during year	0.00	15.00	
Advance Given- Closing Balance as on date	0.00	00.00	
Interest Earned	0.00	0.86	

The company is having more than 20% investment in Kranti SFCI Private Limited. In case of which the transactions are as follows:

Nature of Transactions	Year ended	Year ended	
	31/03/2020	31/03/2019	
Purchase of Material and Job-work charges	0.03	0.00	
Sale of Machines	59.43	0.00	

(Amounts are exclusive of taxes)

b. Transactions with Directors, Key Managerial Persons (KMP)and Relatives:

	For the Year 2019-20			For the Year 2018-19		
Particulars	Nature of	Loan O/s ature of Payment Sture of Payment A sture of Payment A sture of Payment		Loan O/s as on 31.03.2019		
Directors	Interest	Salary		Interest	Salary	
Sachin Vora		23.34	153.00	13.69	25.58	150.00
Sumit Vora	-	23.34	97.00	8.93	25.58	100.00
Indubala S Vora	-	1-	155.00	8.24		100.00
Relatives of Directors	8.83	14.82	<u> </u>	25.77	14.95	196.02
Key Managerial Personnel						
Sheela Dhawale - Chief Financial Officer	-	10.20		1.95	9.99	- 1
Bhavesh Selarka - Compliance Officer	-	5.21	-		4.03	-
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel		-	-	2.62		-
Gross Transaction Value	8.83	76.91	405.00	61.24	80.14	546.02

Related party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors, No amounts have been written off/back and provided for in respect of related party during the year.





NOTE 30: Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The Earnings per share calculated as per AS-20 is shown below:

Earnings per Share	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Profit/(Loss) Attributable to Shareholders	(71.57)	202.45	
No of Equity Shares	88.002	77.850	
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (In Rs.)	(0.81)	2.60	

NOTE 31: Contingent Liabilities

As per the Information provided to us there is no contingent liability as on the date.

Pending Litigation:

Sr. No	Act	Nature of Dues	Amount in INR Lakh	Period to which amounts Relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
1,	Income Tax Act	Income Tax Dues	14.42	A.Y 2015-16	Commissioner (Appeals) - Pune

Company have deposited the total dues with authorities, Appeal is in process at CIT Income Tax.

NOTE 32: Value of imports calculated on CIF basis:

Particulars	During F.Y 2019-20	During F.Y 2018-19
Capital Goods	559.20	255.49
Raw Material		1.94

NOTE 33: Expenditure in Foreign Currency:

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019	
Spares for Repairs	0.00	0.00	
Travelling Expense	0.64	2.12	
Advance for Capital Goods & Material	2.00	98.65	

NOTE 34: Earnings in Foreign Currency:

The Earning in Foreign Currency is NIL.





NOTE 35: Managerial Remuneration

Managerial Remuneration paid during the period is as follows:

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Director's Remuneration, (Including	46.67	51.16
Incentive and Bonus)		
Interest on Loan		30.89
Total	46.67	82.05

NOTE 36: Deferred Tax:

In accordance with Accounting Standard 22, 'Accounting for Taxes on Income', the Company has a net deferred tax liability, and it has been recognized properly in the accounts.

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Balance as per Last Balance Sheet	137.76	101.52
Add / Less: Current year deferred tax charged	(27.07)	36.23
Net Deferred Tax Asset / (-) Liability	110.68	137.75

Particulars	Deferred tax	Current	Deferred Tax
	(liability) / Asset	Year	Liability as at
	as at 01.04.2019	Charge	31.03.2020
Property, Plant & Equipment	138.62	(11.31)	127.32
Gratuity (Disallowance)	(0.86)	(1.37)	(2.23)
Deferred Tax Asset B/ F Loss Asset	0.00	(14.40)	(14.40)
Total	137.75	(27.08)	110.68

NOTE 37: Payment to Auditors:

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Statutory Audit	1.00	1.00
Tax Auditor	0.40	0.40
MVAT Auditor	0.00	0.20
GST Auditor	0.40	0.00
As advisor, or in any other capacity	0.00	0.00
Total 8, ASS	1.80	1.20

Mentioned Amounts are explusive of Indirect Taxes



NOTE 38: Value of Imported and Indigenous raw material consumed:

Particulars	31/03/202	20	31/03/20	019
	% of Total	Value	% of Total	Value
	Consumption		Consumption	
Raw Material				
Imported	0.00%	0.00	0.07%	1.93
Indigenously procured	100%	2654.51	99.93%	2796.25
Total	100%	2654.51	100%	2798.18
Spares & Consumables				
Imported	0%	0.00	0%	0.00
Indigenously procured	100%	236.88	100%	491.70
Total	100%	236.88	100%	491.70

NOTE 39: Employee Benefits:

Defined contribution plans

The Company has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% of basic salary as per local regulations. The contributions are made to provident fund administered by the government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further neither contractual nor any constructive obligation. Contributions are made to employee's family pension fund in India for employees as per local regulations. The contributions are made to provident fund administered by the government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further neither contractual nor any constructive obligation.

The Company has recognized the following amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Contribution to Employees Provident	28.24	21.35
Fund		
Contribution to other Funds (ESIC,	4.83	6.79
Labor welfare funds)		
Total	33.07	28.14

Post-employment obligations

Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity for employees as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last



drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a funded plan and the Company makes contributions to fund managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. Contributions are made as per the working by LIC of India. The amounts recognized in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows

I. ASSUMPTIONS

	As of 31/03/2019	As of 31/03/2020
Mortality table	IALM(2012-14) ult	IALM(2012-14) ult
Discount rate	7.80%	6.80%
Rate of increase in compensation levels	5.00%	5.00%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	7.80%	7.80%
Expected average remaining working lives of employees (in years)	19.38 *	19.09 *
Retirement Age	58 years	58 years
Withdrawal Rate		
Age upto 30 years	3.00%	3.00%
Age 31 - 40 years	2.00%	2.00%
Age 41 - 45 years	2.00%	2.00%
Age above 45 years	1.00%	1.00%

^{*} It is actuarially calculated term of the plan using probabilities of death, withdrawal and retirement.

II. TABLE SHOWING CHANGES IN PRESENT VALUE OF OBLIGATIONS:

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of	35.48	44.77
the period		
Acquisition adjustment		-
Transfer In / (Out)	-	1
Interest cost	2.79	3.49
Past service cost		-
Current service cost	4.40	5.74
Curtailment Cost / (Credit)	-	



Settlement Cost / (Credit)	-	-
Benefits paid	-0.36	
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on obligations	2.47	5.83
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	44.77	59.84

III. TABLE SHOWING CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS:

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the	27.18	33.70
period		
Acquisition adjustments	-	-
Transfer In / (Out)	-	-
Expected return on plan assets	2.29	2.90
Contributions	4.68	7.00
Mortality Charges and Taxes	-	-0.11
Benefits paid	-0.36	
Amount paid on settlement	-	-
Actuarial Gain / (Loss) on plan assets	-0.09	-0.21
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	33.70	43.27
Actual return on plan assets	2.20	2.69

IV. ACTUARIAL (GAIN) / LOSS RECOGNIZED

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Actuarial (Gain) / loss for the period - Obligations	2.47	5.83
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss for the period - Plan	0.09	0.21
assets		100
Total (Gain) / Loss for the period	2.56	6.04
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss recognized in the period	2.56	6.04
Unrecognized actuarial (Gain) / Loss at the end	(cu	- T
of the period	0556	50) (S)



V. THE AMOUNTS TO BE RECOGNIZED IN THE BALANCE SHEET:

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Present value of obligation at the end of period	44.77	59.84
Fair value of the plan assets at the end of period	33.70	43.27
Surplus / (Deficit)	-11.08	-16.56
Current liability	11.08	16.56
Non-current liability	33.70	43.27
Unrecognized past service cost	Lain,-	
Amount not recognized as asset (Para 59(b) limit)	-	-
Net asset / (liability) recognized in balance sheet	-11.08	-16.56

VI. EXPENSE RECOGNISED IN THE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Current service cost	4.40	5.74
Acquisition (Gain) / Loss	-	
Past service cost		-
Interest cost	2.79	3.49
Expected return on plan assets	-2.29	-2.90
Curtailment (Gain) / Loss	-	L.
Settlement (Gain) / Loss	-	-
Transfer In / (Out)	-	
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss recognized in the	2.56	6.04
period		
Expenses recognized in the statement of	7.46	12.37
profit & loss at the end of period		



VII. RECONCILIATION OF NET ASSET / (LIABILITY) RECOGNIZED

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Net asset / (liability) recognized at the	-8.30	-11.08
beginning of the period		
Company Contributions	4.68	7.00
Benefits directly paid by Company	-	-
Expense recognized at the end of period	-7.46	-12.37
Unrecognized past service cost	-	
Mortality Charges and Taxes	-	-0.11
Impact of Transfer (In) / Out		-
Net asset / (liability) recognized at the end of the period	-11.08	-16.56

VIII. EXPERIENCE ADJUSTMENT HISTORY FOR 5 YEARS

Experience History	31/03/2016	31/03/2017	31/03/2018	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Present value of obligation	20.91	27.65	35.48	44.77	59.84
Plan assets	15.91	18.61	27.18	33.70	43.27
Surplus / (Deficit)	-5.00	-9.04	-8.30	-11.08	-16.56
Experience (Gain) or Loss on plan liabilities	0.36	0.53	1.57	1.81	-2.50
Experience (Gain) or Loss on plan assets	-0.06	-0.00	0.27	0.03	0.21





IX. MAJOR CATEGORIES OF PLAN ASSETS (AS % OF TOTAL PLAN ASSETS):

For the period	01/04/2018 to	01/04/2019 to
	31/03/2019	31/03/2020
Government of India securities	0.00%	0.00%
High quality corporate bonds	0.00%	0.00%
Equity shares of listed companies	0.00%	0.00%
Property	0.00%	0.00%
Special deposit scheme	0.00%	0.00%
Funds managed by insurer	100.00%	100.00%
Others	0.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

- 40 Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue Principal amounts/interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly, there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payments made during the year or brought forward from previous years.
- 41 Other notes as required by Schedule III of the Act are either nil or not applicable hence not disclosed.
- 42 Previous period figures have been regrouped, recast / rearranged wherever necessary in order to conform to the current year's presentation.



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